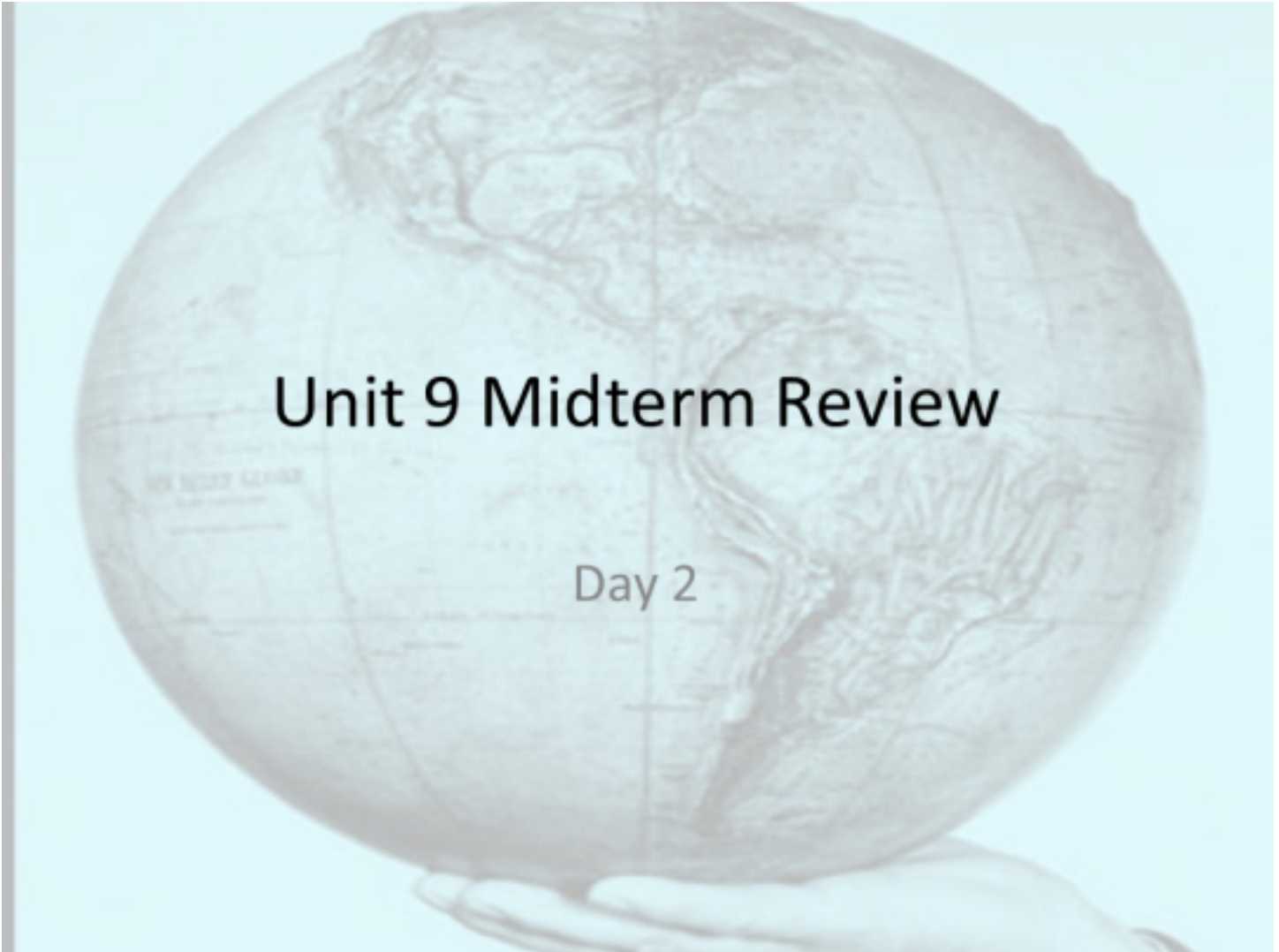
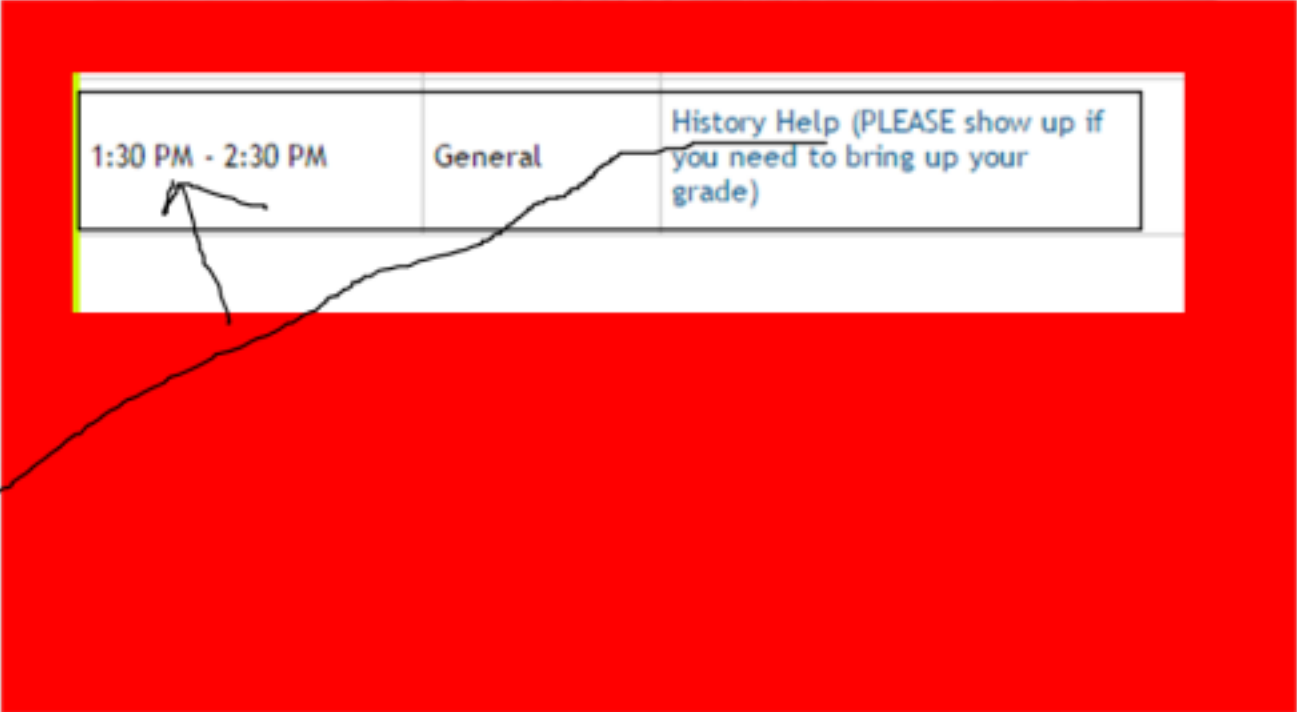


Unit 9 Midterm Review



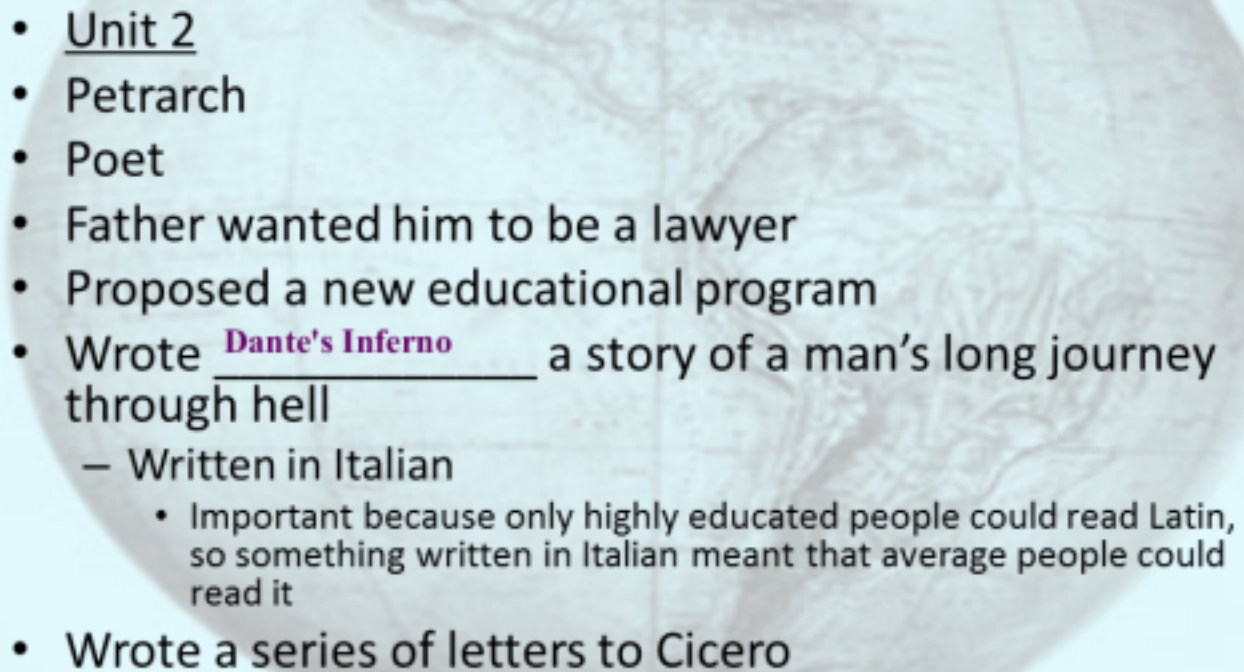
NEED HELP in one of your classes? (check for office hours)

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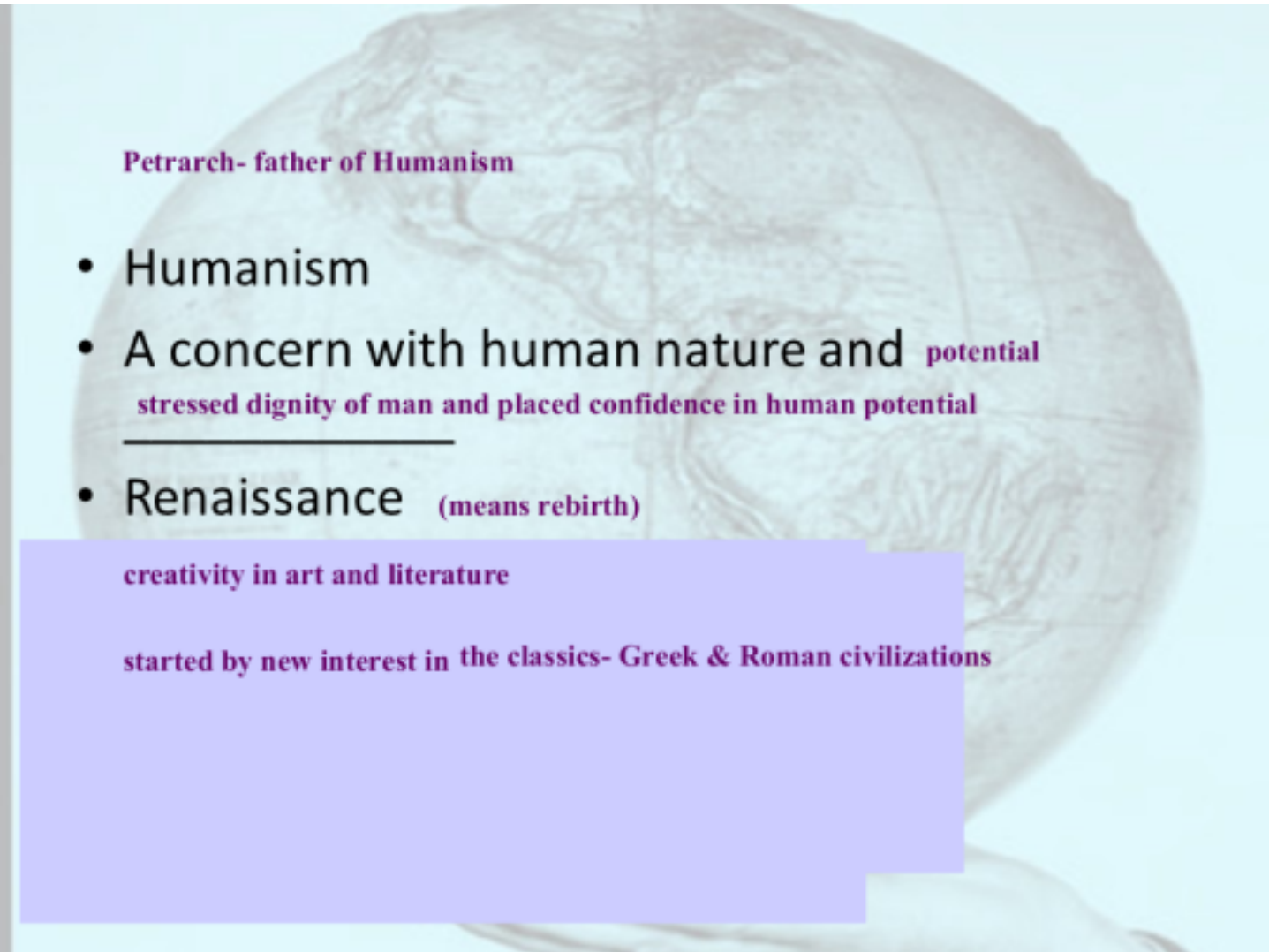


1:30 PM - 2:30 PM	General	History Help (PLEASE show up if you need to bring up your grade)
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Slide4

- 
- Unit 2
 - Petrarch
 - Poet
 - Father wanted him to be a lawyer
 - Proposed a new educational program
 - Wrote Dante's Inferno a story of a man's long journey through hell
 - Written in Italian
 - Important because only highly educated people could read Latin, so something written in Italian meant that average people could read it
 - Wrote a series of letters to Cicero

Slide5



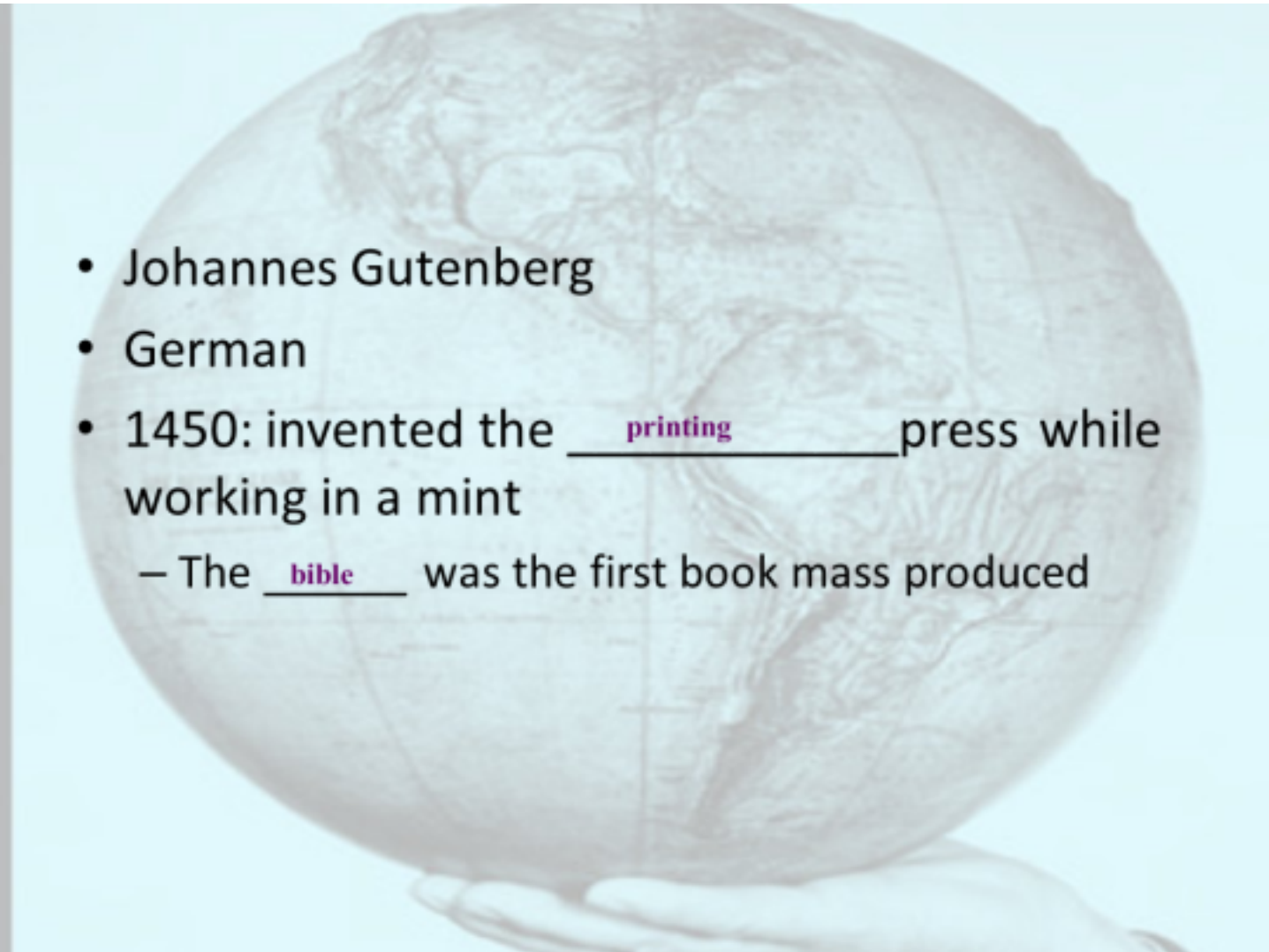
Petrarch- father of Humanism

- Humanism
- A concern with human nature and **potential**
stressed dignity of man and placed confidence in human potential
- Renaissance (means rebirth)


creativity in art and literature

started by new interest in the classics- Greek & Roman civilizations

Slide6

- 
- Johannes Gutenberg
 - German
 - 1450: invented the printing press while working in a mint
 - The bible was the first book mass produced

Slide7

- 
- **Lorenzo Medici**
 - Wealthy families: patronized the arts, learning and buildings and gave money to the cities
 - Part of the wealthy and powerful Medici family
 - Surrounded himself with learning
 - Brought the most brilliant painters, sculptures, and scholars to Florence
 - Lorenzo the Magnificent

Slide8

- **Rome**

Home of the papacy

Many popes spent lots of money restoring the city

- **Leonardo Da Vinci**

Painter, Inventor, scientist, courtier

Painted the Last Supper

Early plans for a helicopter

Painted the Mona Lisa

Dissected human bodies to study them

- Renaissance \ woman
man: Person who is good at many things
- Raphael was the artist who painted the School of Athens in Pope Julius II's library.

Slide9

- Unit 3
- Martin Luther
- Wrote the Ninety-five theses
 - 95 problems he had with the Catholic Church
- His ideas caught on like wild fire
- Made an enemy of the Catholic Church and the Pope **He was asked to take back what he said or.....recant**
- During the “Reformation” he divided Christianity: Catholic Vs Protestant
- Was seen as a heretic (someone who disagrees with the views of the church)– people were told to kill him if they found him

Slide10

The church

Sold Indulgences: A promise from the church given before someone dies to shorten their time in purgatory in exchange for prayers or acts of charity

Christianity

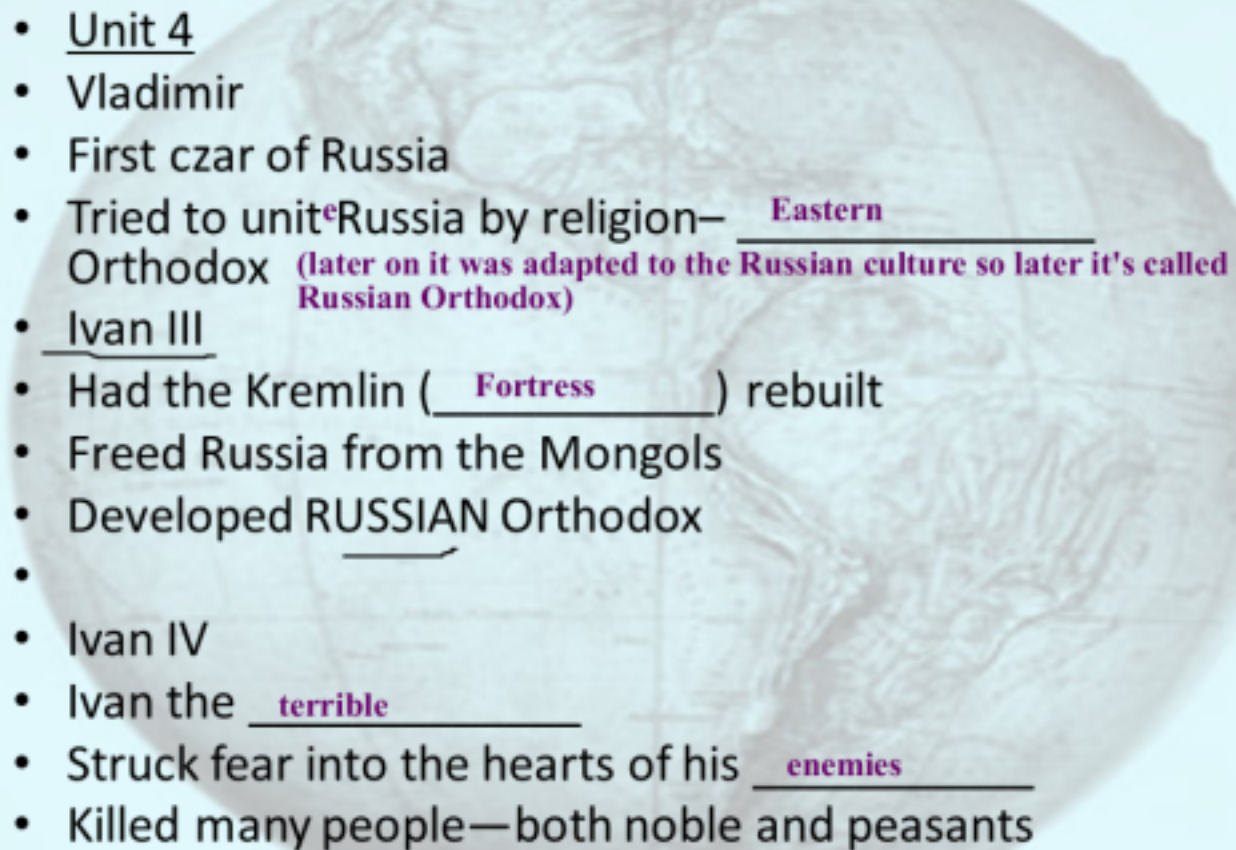
Protestants: followers of Martin Luther

Catholics: followers of the Pope

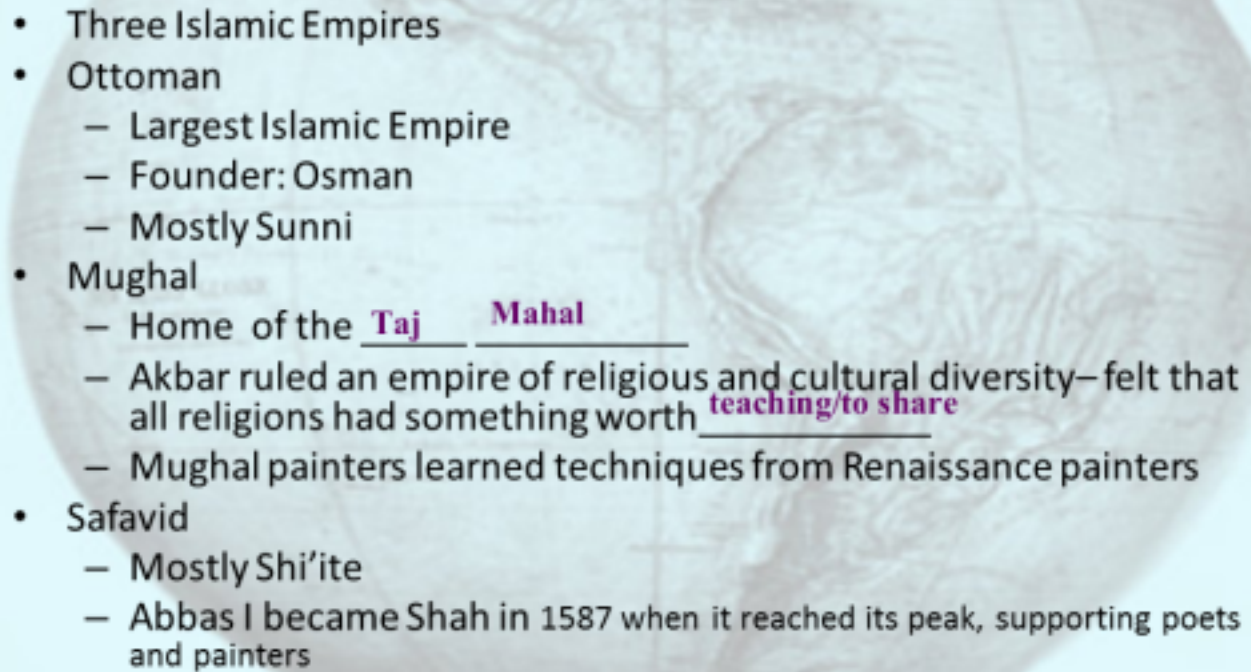
John Calvin

Followers were called Puritans

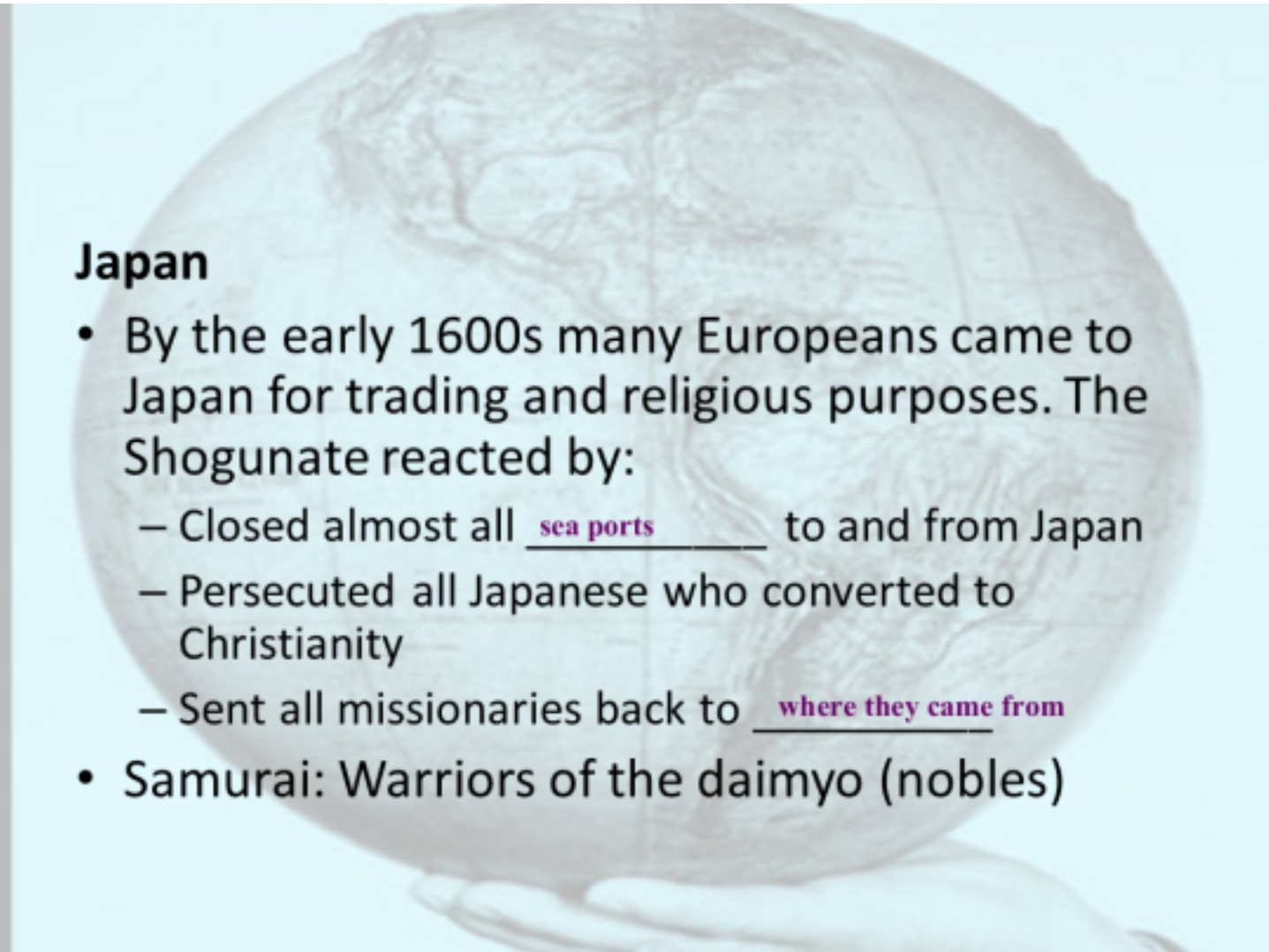
Slide11

- 
- Unit 4
 - Vladimir
 - First czar of Russia
 - Tried to unite Russia by religion— Eastern Orthodox (later on it was adapted to the Russian culture so later it's called Russian Orthodox)
 - Ivan III
 - Had the Kremlin (Fortress) rebuilt
 - Freed Russia from the Mongols
 - Developed RUSSIAN Orthodox
 -
 - Ivan IV
 - Ivan the terrible
 - Struck fear into the hearts of his enemies
 - Killed many people—both noble and peasants

Slide12

- 
- Three Islamic Empires
 - Ottoman
 - Largest Islamic Empire
 - Founder: Osman
 - Mostly Sunni
 - Mughal
 - Home of the Taj Mahal
 - Akbar ruled an empire of religious and cultural diversity– felt that all religions had something worth teaching/to share
 - Mughal painters learned techniques from Renaissance painters
 - Safavid
 - Mostly Shi'ite
 - Abbas I became Shah in 1587 when it reached its peak, supporting poets and painters

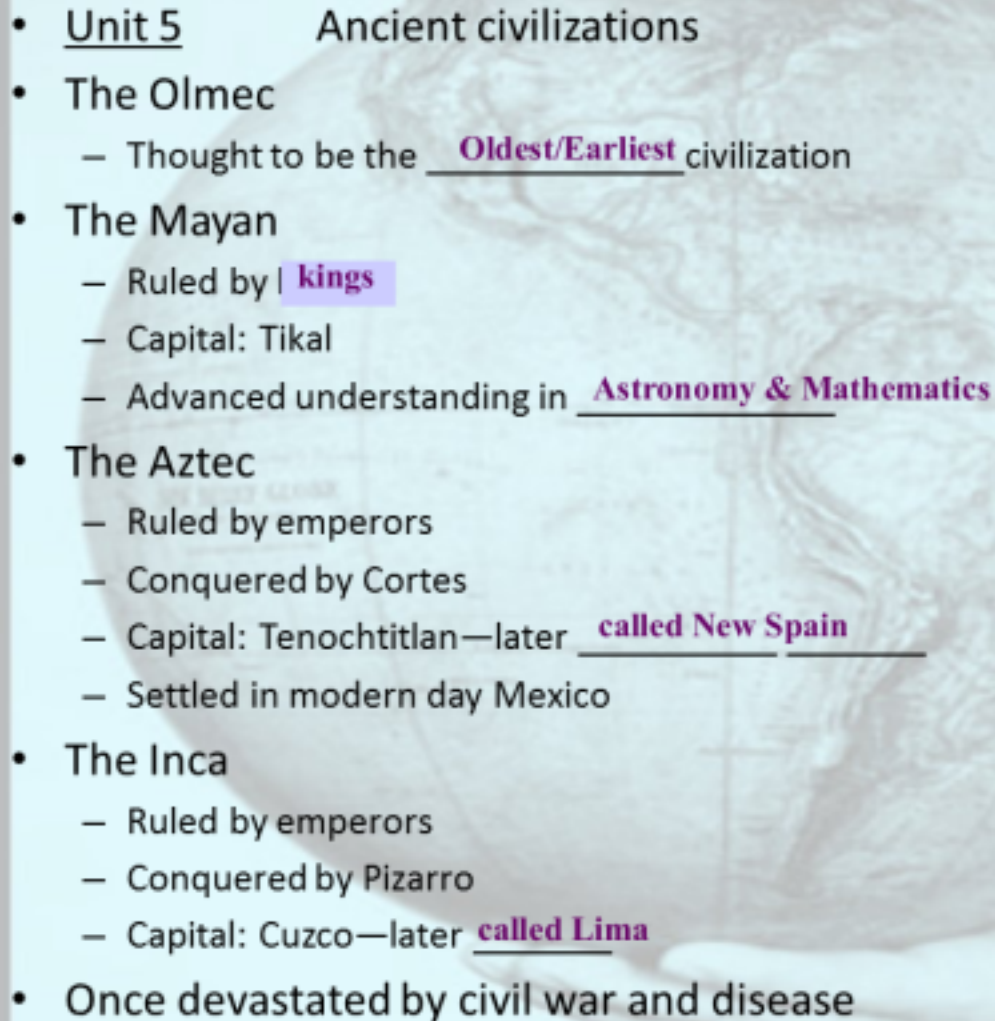
Slide13



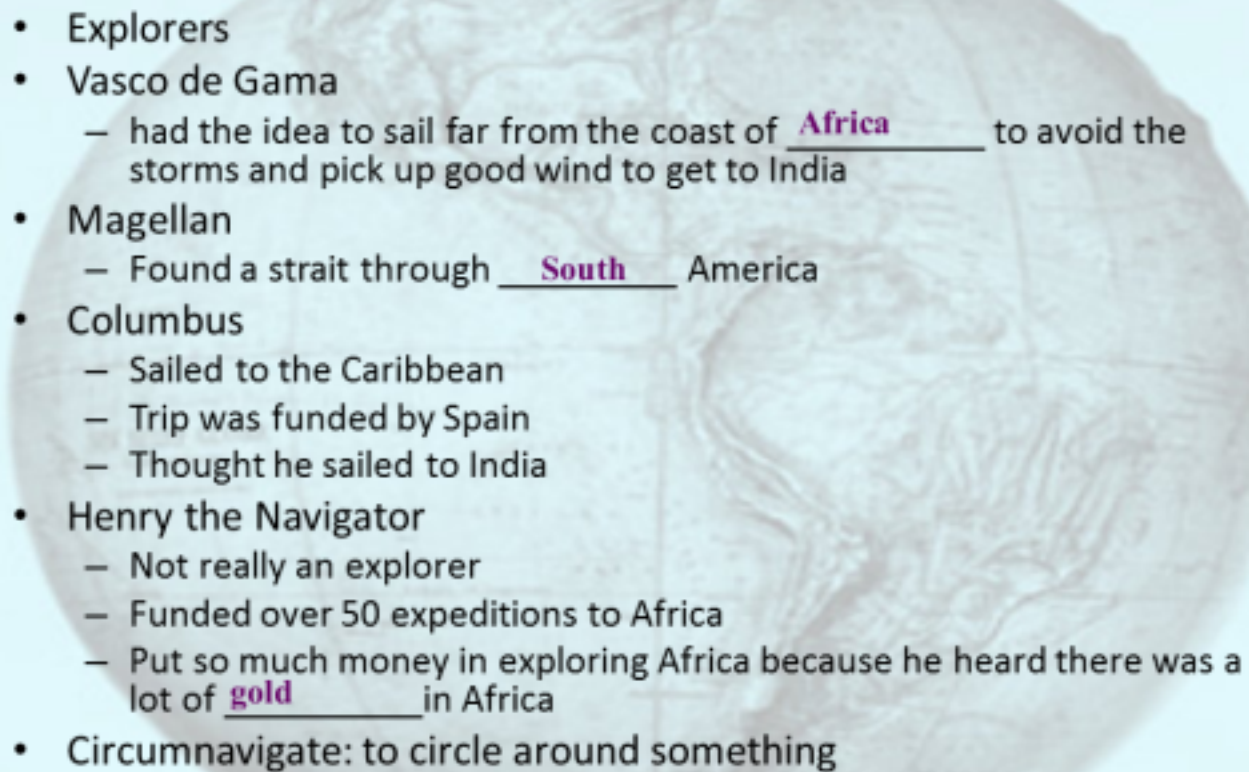
Japan

- By the early 1600s many Europeans came to Japan for trading and religious purposes. The Shogunate reacted by:
 - Closed almost all sea ports to and from Japan
 - Persecuted all Japanese who converted to Christianity
 - Sent all missionaries back to where they came from
- Samurai: Warriors of the daimyo (nobles)

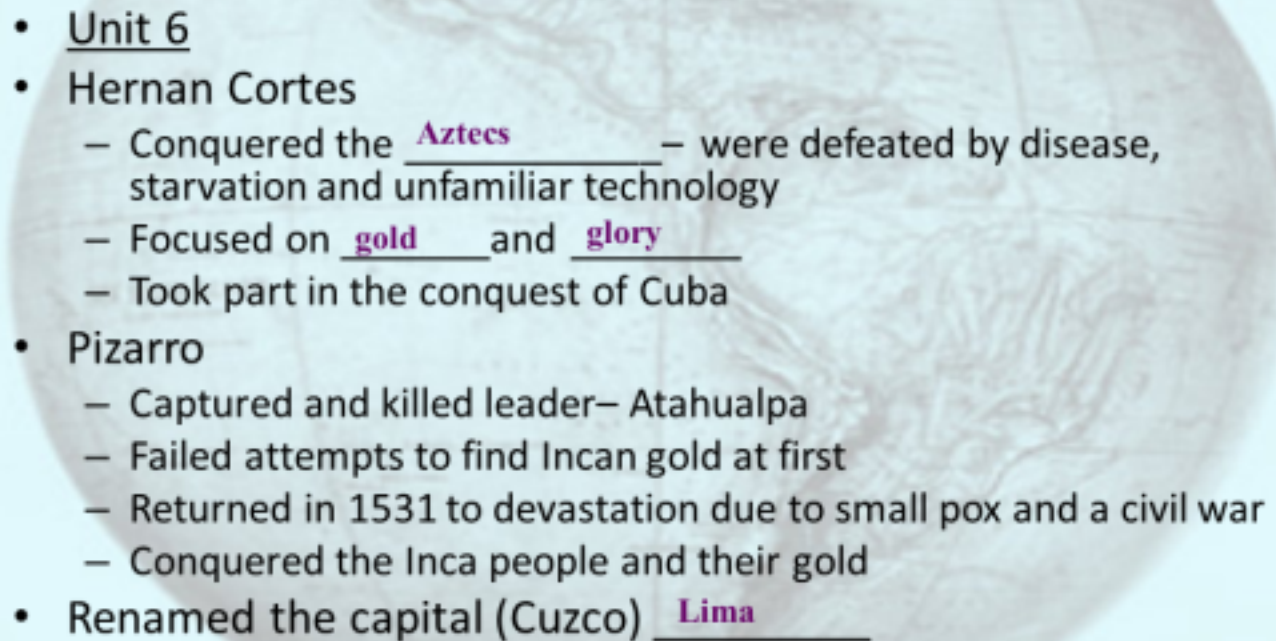
Slide14

- 
- Unit 5 Ancient civilizations
 - The Olmec
 - Thought to be the Oldest/Earliest civilization
 - The Mayan
 - Ruled by kings
 - Capital: Tikal
 - Advanced understanding in Astronomy & Mathematics
 - The Aztec
 - Ruled by emperors
 - Conquered by Cortes
 - Capital: Tenochtitlan—later called New Spain
 - Settled in modern day Mexico
 - The Inca
 - Ruled by emperors
 - Conquered by Pizarro
 - Capital: Cuzco—later called Lima
 - Once devastated by civil war and disease

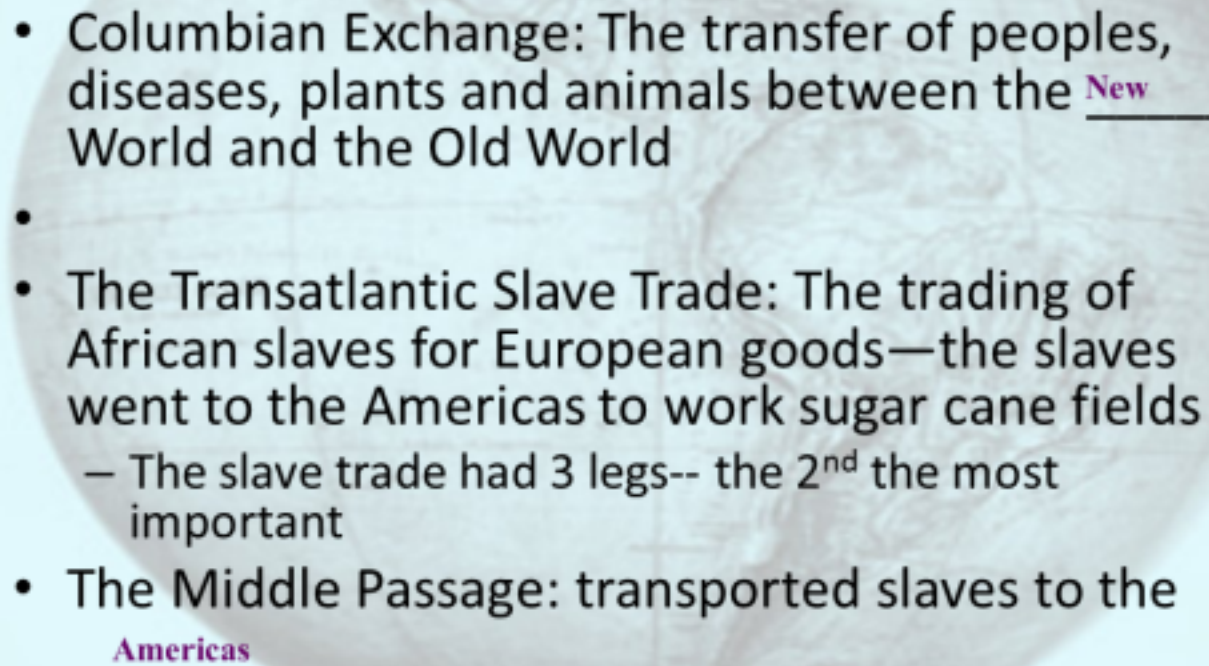
Slide15

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- Explorers
 - Vasco de Gama
 - had the idea to sail far from the coast of Africa to avoid the storms and pick up good wind to get to India
 - Magellan
 - Found a strait through South America
 - Columbus
 - Sailed to the Caribbean
 - Trip was funded by Spain
 - Thought he sailed to India
 - Henry the Navigator
 - Not really an explorer
 - Funded over 50 expeditions to Africa
 - Put so much money in exploring Africa because he heard there was a lot of gold in Africa
 - Circumnavigate: to circle around something

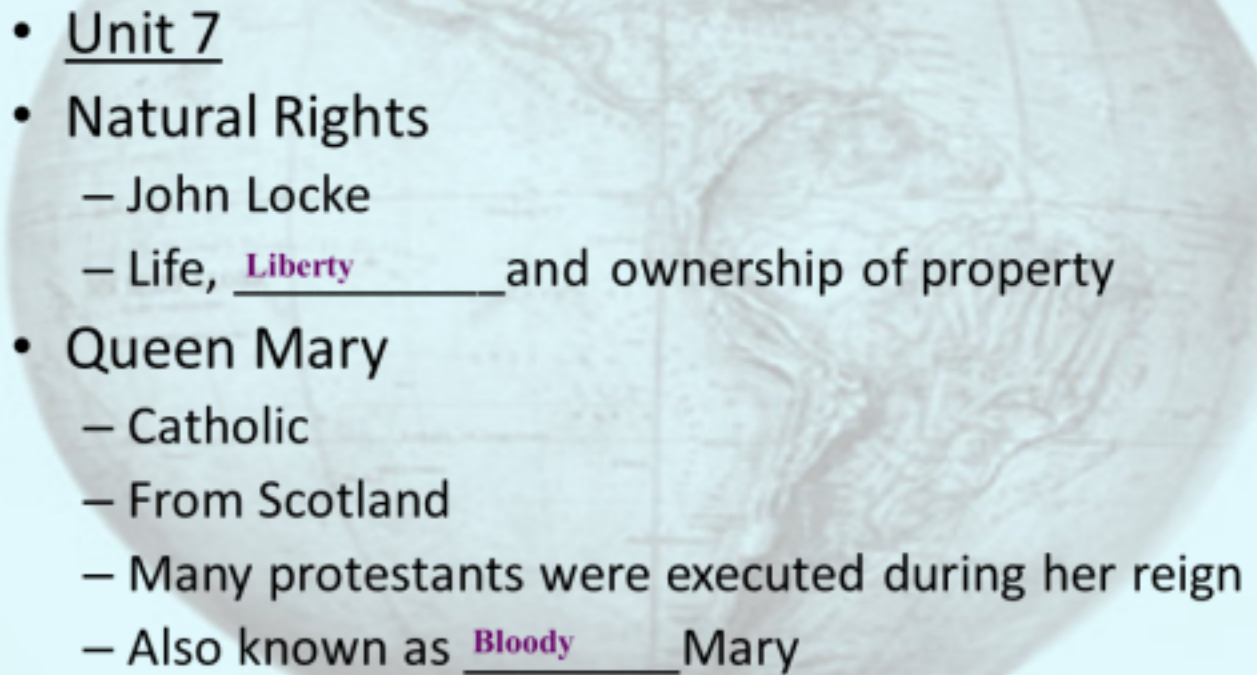
Slide16

- 
- Unit 6
 - Hernan Cortes
 - Conquered the Aztecs – were defeated by disease, starvation and unfamiliar technology
 - Focused on gold and glory
 - Took part in the conquest of Cuba
 - Pizarro
 - Captured and killed leader– Atahualpa
 - Failed attempts to find Incan gold at first
 - Returned in 1531 to devastation due to small pox and a civil war
 - Conquered the Inca people and their gold
 - Renamed the capital (Cuzco) Lima

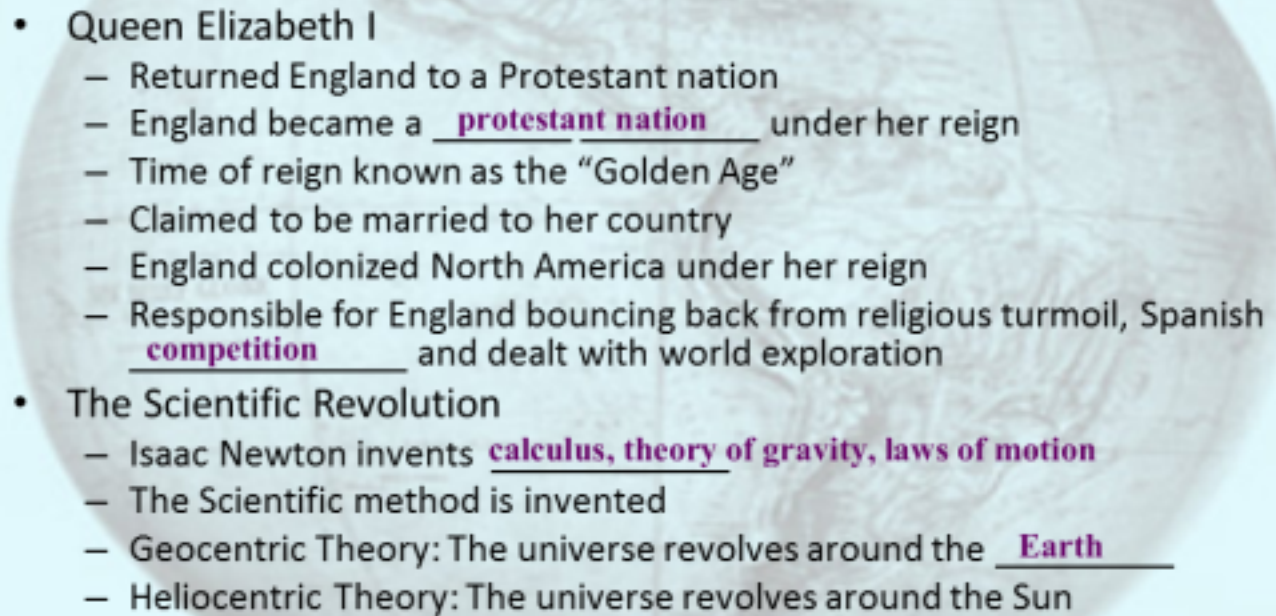
Slide17

- 
- Columbian Exchange: The transfer of peoples, diseases, plants and animals between the New World and the Old World
 -
 - The Transatlantic Slave Trade: The trading of African slaves for European goods—the slaves went to the Americas to work sugar cane fields
 - The slave trade had 3 legs-- the 2nd the most important
 - The Middle Passage: transported slaves to the Americas

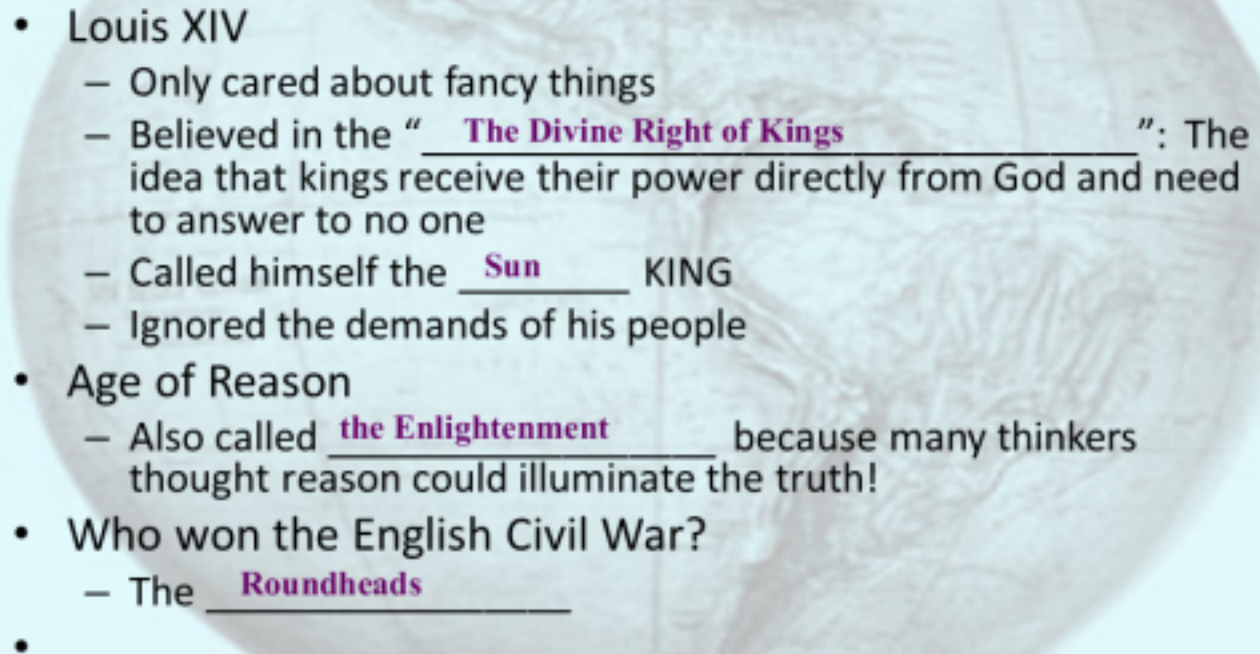
Slide18

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- Unit 7
 - Natural Rights
 - John Locke
 - Life, Liberty and ownership of property
 - Queen Mary
 - Catholic
 - From Scotland
 - Many protestants were executed during her reign
 - Also known as Bloody Mary

Slide19

- 
- Queen Elizabeth I
 - Returned England to a Protestant nation
 - England became a protestant nation under her reign
 - Time of reign known as the “Golden Age”
 - Claimed to be married to her country
 - England colonized North America under her reign
 - Responsible for England bouncing back from religious turmoil, Spanish competition and dealt with world exploration
 - The Scientific Revolution
 - Isaac Newton invents calculus, theory of gravity, laws of motion
 - The Scientific method is invented
 - Geocentric Theory: The universe revolves around the Earth
 - Heliocentric Theory: The universe revolves around the Sun

Slide20

- 
- Louis XIV
 - Only cared about fancy things
 - Believed in the “ The Divine Right of Kings ”: The idea that kings receive their power directly from God and need to answer to no one
 - Called himself the Sun KING
 - Ignored the demands of his people
 - Age of Reason
 - Also called the Enlightenment because many thinkers thought reason could illuminate the truth!
 - Who won the English Civil War?
 - The Roundheads
 -

Coming up next??

Coming up next...

- Finish missing assignments for Quarter 1
(If they are not completed by Thurs 1/22 you will NOT be able to make them up)
- Finish your study guides

1:30 PM - 2:30 PM	General	History Help (PLEASE show up if you need to bring up your grade)
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