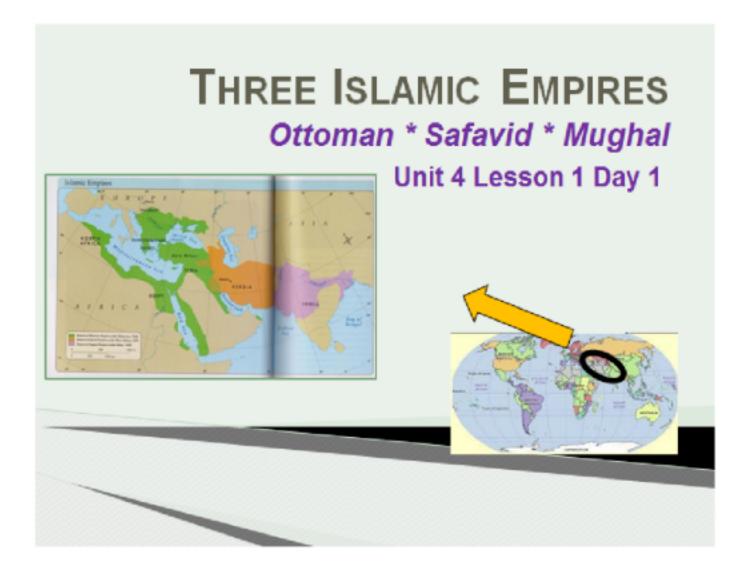
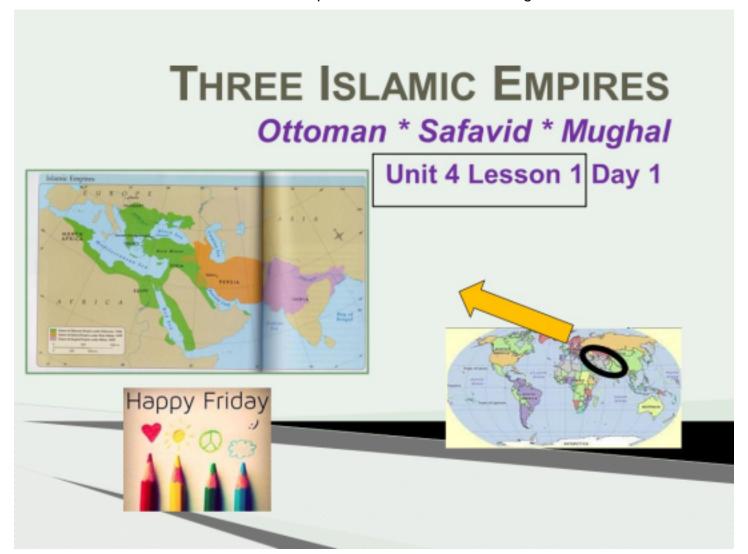
Public Page



Three Islamic Empires Ottoman * Safavid * Mughal



Slide3

Today, we're going to talk about...



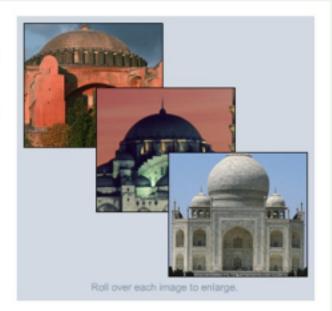
Slide4

the reformation

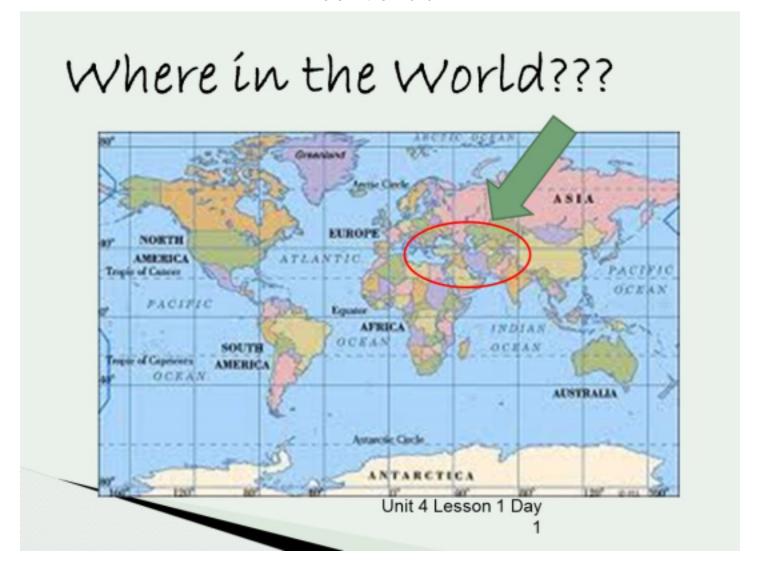


While Christendom experienced cultural renewal and religious friction, the Islamic world gave birth to three empires. The Ottoman Empire centered in Asia Minor, the Safavid Empire in Persia, and the Mughal Empire in India. They extended Islam's power and influence. From 1300 to 1600, these Asian empires were rival centers of power and culture. Their achievements had a lasting effect on the world.

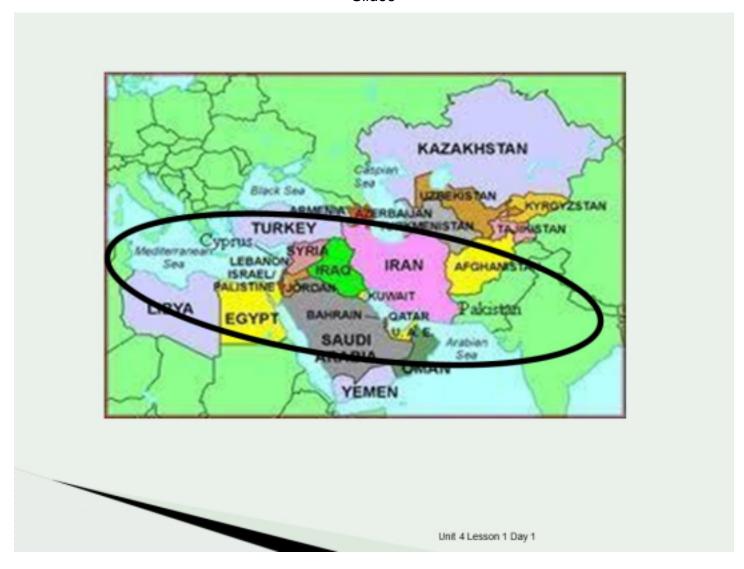




Where in the World???



Slide6



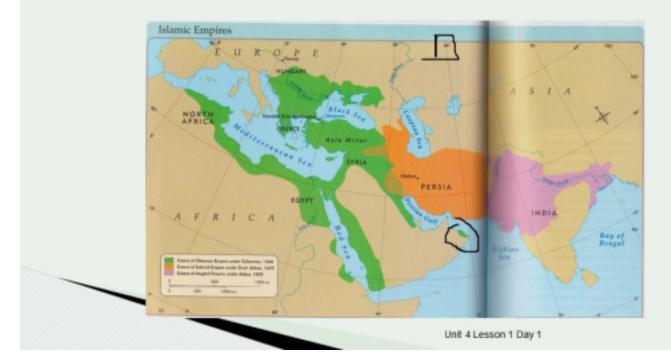
Slide7



Geography Activity

Geography Activity

- Student Pages 114
 - Textbook map on page 138 and Atlas



Geography activity cont.

Geography activity cont.

What was the approximate <u>longitude</u> of the Ottoman Empire's easternmost boundary in1566?

58-60 degrees East

 Name the three continents the Ottoman Empire spanned during the reign of Süleyman.

Europe, Africa and Asia

Geography activity cont.

Geography activity cont.

 At its greatest extent, the Ottoman Empire covered territory that includes all or parts of more than 30 modern-day countries. Name ten of the present-day countries. Represent all three continents on your list.

Africa		Europe		Asia	
Egypt	Greece		Bosnia Herzegovina	Turkey Israel	Syria Yemen
Libya Tunisia Sudan Eritea			Montenegro Macedonia Albania Bulgaria	Jordan Iraq Iran Lebanon	Qatar Bahrain Kuwait

4. The Ottoman Empire included thousands miles of shoreline. What three major bodies of water would Ottoman sailors have been most familiar with?

Mediterranean Sea, Red Sea, and Black Sea

Student Pages Workbook ?? pg.110

Student Pages Workbook – pg.110

Three Islamic Empires

Complete the Ottoman Empire column on the second day, and the Mughal Empire column of the ay. After you have completed the chart, do the writing assignment on page 2.

	Ottoman Empire	Safavid Empire	Mughal Empire
Timeframe/ Important Dates		•	
important Dates			
Founders and/or			
Important Rulers			
Capital City			
Dellata			
Religion			
0 5 1 -			
Conflicts			

Leading up to the Islamic Empires????..

Leading up to the Islamic Empires......

- 11300's Mongol Armies (from Central Asia)
 - invaded Persia and Mesopotamia.
- Mongol's.....
 - Pillaged, burned, destroyed, & were not Muslim
- Mongol invasion marked
 - bad times in Islamic History





While Europe experienced the Renaissance, the Islamic World also started to recover??.

While Europe experienced the Renaissance, the Islamic World also started to recover....

- 1400-1700's
- 3 new Muslim Empires appeared
 - Ottoman Empire
 - Safavid Empire of Persia
 - Mughal Empire of India



The Ottoman Empire 1300-1500??s

The Ottoman Empire 1300-1500's

- Its beginning
- Accomplishments
- People to know



Beginning in a dream????

Beginning in a dream.....

- Osman (os-MAHN)
 - Was a member of a Nomadic Tribe in present day Turkey.
 - He had a dream..
 - Envisioned tree branches growing from him out into Europe,
 Africa and Asia
 - □ That inspired him to lead his people to conquer those lands.
 - His son & grandson carried on that dream
 - Became know as Ottomans (People of Osman)

Slide16



From Constantinople????

From Constantinople.

- □ Capital of the Byzantine Empire
- Prize to capture
- 2 month siege on the city, until the Ottoman Sultan used his special forces, *Janissaries*, to attack.

??to Istanbul??.

...to Istanbul....



- After the victory...
- The Sultan went to the Hagia Sophia (city's largest Christian Church).....gave thanks to Allah.. And ordered the church be turned into a Mosque.
- □ Then, he renamed the city Istanbul.

Janissaries ?? Slave warriors of the Sultan

Janissaries – Slave warriors of the Sultan

- Christian Boys (Eastern Europe)
- Taken from their families
- Forced to become slaves of the Sultan and convert religions
- Isolated taught fighting techniques
- Loyal to the Sultan
 - Well rewarded
 - Well controlled

Suleyman (SOO-lay-mahn)

Suleyman (soo-lay-mahn)

- Ruled Ottoman Empire at its' height in 1600's
- Bright Military Leader
- Liked luxury items
 - Know as Suleyman the Magnificent by outsiders
 - Know as Suleyman the Lawmaker by the Ottomans
 - Created laws

Suleyman??s laws:

Suleyman's laws:

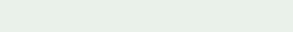
- For all people living in the Ottoman Empire
- People could appeal clear up to the Sultan if they felt the law was unjust.





Quick Check

Quick Check





- The Janissaries were:
 - A. The Janitors of Hagia Sophie
 - B. Trained soldiers loyal to the Sultan.
 - C. Missionaries in Istanbul.
 - D. Cousins of the Egyptians.

Quick check

Quick check

- Who was the Sultan known as "the lawmaker"?
 - A. Osman
 - B. Janissaries
 - C. Suleyman
 - D. Obama



Review the chart:

Review the chart:

Three Islamic Empires

	Ottoman Empire			
Timeframe/	c. 1260: Osman born			
Important Dates	1453: capture Constantinople			
	Middle of 16 th century: empire reaches its height			
Founders and/or	Founder: Osman			
Important Rulers	Important ruler: Süleyman			
Capital City	Istanbul			
Religion	Muslim; mostly Sunni			
Conflicts	Overthrow Byzantine empire and capture Constantinople;			
	fight frequently with the Safavid Empire; conflict between			
	Sunnis (Ottomans) and Shi'ites (Safavids)			
Achievements	Create the largest Islamic empire of the time; have a well-			
	equipped and highly organized army; people of all religions			
	and cultures live together peacefully; build the Süleymaniye			
	mosque; Süleyman creates a vast legal code for the empire			
What I Found				
Most Interesting				
About This				
Empire				

Enrichment Activity

Enrichment Activity



- On Line School
 Unit 4 Lesson 1
- Hagia Sofia: From Church to Mosque

What??s next?

What's next?

Homework:

- Read pages 143 to 145
- Finish Unit 3 Test if you haven't





Exit Ticket: (Type in Chat)
What two large areas did the Ottoman's conquer? What are Janissaries?